with the macro DKKEY_DIR. Be sure this directory is readable by **exim** but not by the rest of the world.

```
####### macros to define the directories for databases and keys
CONFIG_DIR = path_to_config_dir
DKKEY_DIR = path_to_key_dir
####### main section: define the domains to sign and required DKIM acl
domainlist dksign_domains = cdb;CONFIG_DIR/dk.selector.cdb
acl_smtp_dkim = acl_process_dkim
####### ACL section: verify signature on incoming mail, add a header
acl_process_dkim:
    warn !dkim_status = none
        add_header = :at_start:X-DKIM-Report: $dkim_verify_status \
           ${if !eq{$dkim_verify_status}{pass}{$dkim_verify_reason }{}} \
           (Signer=$dkim_cur_signer) (Testing=$dkim_key_testing)
####### Router section: put just before "dnslookup" router, sign nonlocal
dnslookup_signed:
    driver = dnslookup
    domains = !+local_domains
    transport = remote_dksign
    condition = ${if match_domain{$sender_address_domain} \
        {+dksign_domains}}
    no_verify
####### Transport section: does the actual signing
remote_dksign:
    driver = smtp
    dkim domain = $sender address domain
    dkim_selector = ${lookup {$dkim_domain} \
        cdb{CONFIG_DIR/dk.selector.cdb} {$value}fail}
    dkim_private_key = DKKEY_DIR/rsa.private.$dkim_selector.$dkim_domain
    dkim_strict = 1
```

These fragments result in outgoing messages being signed and incoming messages having their signatures verified and a DKIM report header added. Here's an example of that header:

```
X-DKIM-Report: pass (Signer=gmail.com) (Testing=0)
```

Further policy is needed if you are going to reject or punish messages whose signatures do not verify.

The no_verify line in the router section refers not to DKIM verification but rather to verifying the recipient's address; it is turned off in this router, but done in the dnslookup router that is next in line. No sense doing it twice.

DKIM in Postfix

DKIM is implemented in Postfix with the DKIM-milter software package described on page 846. Generate your key pair and test it with **dkim-testkey**; build a